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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
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11	SABRINA LIMON,	No	o. 1:24-cv-00316-K	ES-SKO (HC)
12	Petitioner,		RDER ADOPTING ECOMMENDATIO	
13		PE	TITION FOR WRI	
14	v.	AF) ISSUE CERTIFIC PPEALABILITY, A	AND DIRECTING
15			LERK OF COURT ' ND CLOSE CASE	TO ENTER JUDGMENT
16 17	DIRK WILLIAMS, Acting Warden,	(D	oc. 12)	
18	Respondent.			
19				
20	Petitioner Sabrina Limon is a state prisoner proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis with			
21	a petition for writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. This matter was referred to a			
22	United States Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 302.			
23	On July 30, 2024, the assigned magistrate judge issued findings and recommendations to			
24	deny the petition on its merits. Doc. 12. Those findings and recommendations were served upon			
25	all parties and contained notice that any objections thereto were to be filed within thirty (30) days			
26	after service. No objections have been filed, and the deadline to do so has expired.			
27	In accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1), the Court has conducted a de			
28	novo review of the case. Having carefully reviewed the file, the Court concludes that the findings			
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and recommendations are supported by the record and proper analysis.

Having found that petitioner is not entitled to habeas relief, the Court now turns to whether a certificate of appealability should issue. A petitioner seeking a writ of habeas corpus has no absolute entitlement to appeal a district court's denial of her petition, and an appeal is allowed only in certain circumstances. *Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 537 U.S. 322, 335-336 (2003). If a court denies a habeas petition on the merits, the court may issue a certificate of appealability only "if jurists of reason could disagree with the district court's resolution of [the petitioner's] constitutional claims or that jurists could conclude the issues presented are adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further." Miller-El, 537 U.S. at 327; Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000). While the petitioner is not required to prove the merits of her case, she must demonstrate "something more than the absence of frivolity or the existence of mere good faith on [her] . . . part." Miller-El, 537 U.S. at 338.

The Court finds that reasonable jurists would not find the Court's determination that the petition should be denied debatable or wrong, or that the issues presented are deserving of encouragement to proceed further. Petitioner has not made the required substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right. Therefore, the Court declines to issue a certificate of appealability.

Accordingly,

- 1. The findings and recommendations issued on July 30, 2024, Doc. 12, are adopted in full;
- 2. The petition for writ of habeas corpus is denied with prejudice;
- 3. The Clerk of Court is directed to enter judgment and close the case; and
- 4. The Court declines to issue a certificate of appealability.

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IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: <u>April 8, 2025</u>

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